

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## BIO ASSURE

### Section 1. Identification

**Product identifier** : BIO ASSURE  
**Product code** : 09-10216, 1000485  
**Product type** : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Identified uses

Industrial applications: Biofilmicide  
Approved for use in Food & Beverage plants.


##### Uses advised against

This product is formulated to be diluted. Do not use undiluted. Read product label before using.

**Supplier's details** : Sani-Marc Inc.  
42 rue de l'Artisan  
Victoriaville, Qc  
G6P 7E3  
1-819-758-1541

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : 1-800-361-7691 (8am - 5pm Monday to Thursday) (8am - 4pm Friday)

### Section 2. Hazard identification


**Classification of the substance or mixture** :  FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

#### GHS label elements

##### Hazard pictograms




**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** :  H227 - Combustible liquid.  
H302 - Harmful if swallowed.  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
Causes digestive tract burns.

#### Precautionary statements

##### Prevention

:  P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapor.  
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves: neoprene. Wear protective clothing: Recommended: safety apron. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles.

## Section 2. Hazard identification

<b>Response</b>	: P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Storage</b>	: P405 - Store locked up or keep under supervision. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
<b>Disposal</b>	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	:

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b>Substance/mixture</b>	: Mixture
<b>Other means of identification</b>	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Hydrogen peroxide	≥10 - ≤30	CAS: 7722-84-1
dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid	≥7 - ≤13	CAS: 27176-87-0
acetic acid	≥5 - ≤10	CAS: 64-19-7
peracetic acid	≥3 - ≤7	CAS: 79-21-0
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 68131-39-5

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	: In case of contact with eyes, flush with fresh water. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Get medical attention if blistering occurs or redness persists.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Move victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Maintain an open airway.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: Rinse with water. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Get medical attention if blistering occurs or redness persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : May cause eye burn
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause skin burns
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
diarrhea

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing them, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures


### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.



- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
sulfur oxides

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures


- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Remark** :  Oxygen can initiate or promote combustion.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flames, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Eye/face protection** : Continued or severe exposures might require to wear a face shield or chemical splash goggles. It is minimally suggested to wear safety glasses while using or handling this product.
- Hand protection** : It is suggested to wear chemical-resistant gloves while using or handling this product.
- Body protection** :  It is suggested to wear safety apron while using or handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** :  Recommended: organic vapor (Type A) and acid gas (Type E) filter
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** :  Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

## Section 7. Handling and storage

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from alkalis. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Keep out of reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials;
- Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials  
Reactive or incompatible with alkali.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hydrogen peroxide	<p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009)</b> Skin sensitizer. 8 hrs OEL 8 hours: 1 ppm. 8 hrs OEL 8 hours: 1.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 2/2015)</b> TWA 8 hours: 1 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2013)</b> TWA 8 hours: 1 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014)</b> VEMP 8 hours: 1 ppm. VEMP 8 hours: 1.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1 ppm.</p>
acetic acid	<p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024)</b> TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b> TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm.</p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

peracetic acid

### CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

TWAEV 8 hours: 10 ppm.  
 TWAEV 8 hours: 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.  
 STEV 15 minutes: 15 ppm.  
 STEV 15 minutes: 37 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

### CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

OEL 8 hours: 10 ppm.  
 OEL 8 hours: 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.  
 OEL 15 minutes: 37 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.  
 OEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm.

### CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)

STEL 15 minutes: 0.4 ppm. Form:  
 Inhalable fraction and vapour..

### CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)

STEV 15 minutes: 0.4 ppm. Form:  
 inhalable fraction and vapour.

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : For manufacturing or industrial uses it can be appropriate to: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

**Eye/face protection** : Continued or severe exposures might required to wear a face shield or chemical splash goggles. It is minimally suggested to wear safety glasses while using or handling this product.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : It is suggested to wear chemical-resistant gloves while using or handling this product.

**Body protection** : It is suggested to wear safety apron while using or handling this product.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Recommended: organic vapor (Type A) and acid gas (Type E) filter

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear]

**Color** : Colorless.

**Odor** : Pungent. Vinegar-like

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

<b>pH</b>	: <1
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	: -25.9°C (-14.6°F)
<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	: 99°C (210.2°F)
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 83°C (181.4°F) [Not specified] [Product does not sustain combustion.]
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: >1 (butyl acetate = 1)
<b>Flammability</b>	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and combustible materials.
<b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: 2.9 kPa (22 mm Hg)
<b>Relative vapor density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: 1.1
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	:

Media	Result
cold water	Easily soluble
hot water	Easily soluble

<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: 270°C (518°F)
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

### Particle characteristics

<b>Median particle size</b>	: Not applicable.
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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: May cause an exothermic reaction in presence of alkali.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Reactive or incompatible with alkali.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
BIO ASSURE Hydrogen peroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	1922 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4060 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid (C12)	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	890 mg/kg	-
acetic acid	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	5620 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.06 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3310 mg/kg	-
peracetic acid	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	66 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	0.45 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1410 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1540 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	2 g/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hydrogen peroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 MI	-
Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid (C12)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	5 mg	-
				24 hours 50 mg	-
				24 hours 50 mg	-
peracetic acid	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	525 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Hydrogen peroxide	3	-	A3

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Eyes.  
Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral, Inhalation.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : May cause eye burn  
**Inhalation** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : May cause skin burns  
**Ingestion** :  Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness  
**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur  
**Ingestion** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
diarrhea

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
BIO ASSURE	1922	28200.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrogen peroxide	2000	4060	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid (C12)	890	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
acetic acid	3310	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
peracetic acid	1540	1410	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
BIO ASSURE	Acute EC50 0.18 mg/l	Algae - <i>Selenastrum</i>	120 hours
	Acute EC50 0.73 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 mg/l	Fish - <i>Lepidochromis</i>	96 hours
Hydrogen peroxide	Acute EC50 1.2 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Dunaliella tertiolecta</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2320 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 93 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid (C12)	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	28 days
	Acute EC50 11200 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4580 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Tisbe bulbisetosa</i> - Adult	48 hours
acetic acid	Acute EC50 73400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Navicula seminulum</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 73900 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Navicula seminulum</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 65000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia salina</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 85.8 µl/L Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 88000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
peracetic acid	Chronic NOEC 0.2 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Cyprinus carpio</i> - Young	30 days
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 0.39 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 302 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 83 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	-	-	Readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Hydrogen peroxide	-1.36	-	Low
Dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid (C12)	4.78	-	High
acetic acid	-0.17	3.16	Low
peracetic acid	-0.66	-	Low
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	2.03 to 6.24	237	Low

### Mobility in soil


**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification
<b>UN number</b>	UN3149
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	UN3149 HYDROGEN PEROXYDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID STABILISED MIXTURE
<b>Transport hazard class (es)</b>	5.1 (8) 
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.

### Additional information

**TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.23-2.25 (Class 5), 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).  
**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 0.5  
**Remarks** Limited quantity index 0.5 L

## Section 14. Transport information

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian lists

**Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: peracetic acid (and its salts)  
**CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**United States** : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

**Date of printing** : 2025-11-06  
**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 2025-10-24  
**Date of previous issue** : 2024-10-29  
**Version** : 0.01

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 N/A = Not available  
 SGG = Segregation Group  
 UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1	On basis of test data On basis of test data On basis of test data On basis of test data On basis of test data

**References** : - Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

## Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.